

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Replace the claims with the following rewritten listing.

1 (Currently Amended) Sound receiver for an implantable hearing aid, ~~in particular for a Cochlea implant,~~ comprising a sound receiver being an implantable electromechanic transducer, which converts the force resulting of an accelerated mass into an electric signal, the sound receiver provides a mounting mechanism on at least one of the ossicles in the ossicle chain.

2 (Currently Amended) Sound receiver of claim 1, ~~further comprising a wherein the~~ transducer is selected from the group consisting of the following electromechanic transducers: A) a piezoelectric transducer, a particularly resonance frequency transducer, foil oscillator- B) a magnetostrictive transducer, C) a capacitive transducer and, an D) inductive transducer.

3 (Currently Amended) Sound receiver of claim 1, ~~further comprising a wherein the~~ electromechanical transducer with comprises a biologically compatible surface, ~~in particular a hermetic housing made of biologically compatible material.~~

4 (Currently Amended) Sound receiver of claim 1, ~~further comprising a wherein the~~ sound receiver is housed in a metallic conductive housing ~~(20)~~.

5 (Currently Amended) Sound receiver of claim 4, further comprising an A/D-converter and an impedance transformer placed inside the housing ~~(20)~~.

6 (Original) Sound receiver of claim 1, further comprising a mounting mechanism adapted to one of the following ossicles: malleus, incus and/or stapes.

7 (Currently Amended) Sound receiver of claim 1, ~~further comprising that its wherein an~~ entire mass of the sound receiver is less than ~~doesn't exceed~~ 50 milligrams ~~and is particularly below 30 milligrams.~~

8 (Currently Amended) Sound receiver of claim 1, further comprising a vibratory structure ~~(22)~~exclusively placed inside a housing~~(20)~~.

9 (Original) Usage of a sound receiver of claim 1, comprising a sound receiver rigidly fixed to malleus or incus, whereby incus and stapes are disconnected so that the incus can move independently from the stapes.

10. (New) Sound receiver of claim 1, wherein the sound receiver is destined for a Cochlea implant.

11. (New) Sound receiver of claim 3, wherein the hermetic housing is made of a biologically compatible material.

12. (New) Sound receiver of claim 1, wherein an entire mass of the second receiver is below 30 milligrams.